Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, April Term, 1779.

RESPUBLICA verfus Cornelius Sweeks.

T a Court of Oyer and Terminer &c. held at Philadelphia in November, 1778, the Defendant was indicted for Forgery upon two bills. The proceedings were removed by certiorari returnable into this Court, on the 5th day of December following; and the issues, on not guilty pleaded, were tried before a Special Jury on the 14th April, 1779, when the Defendant was convicted upon both indictments. Afterwards he filed reasons in arrest of judgment, of which a recapitulation will be found in the sentence of the Court; and these reafons were argued, and over-ruled, on the 19th day of the same menth.

The first indiament was for altering a bill of parcels and receipt given by Margaret Duncan, for goods bought from her, with intent to defraud the United States; and the charge was set forth in the following words:

"Philadelphia County st.
"The Jurors for the Commonwealth of Pennfylvania, upon
"their oaths and affirmations, do present, that Cornelius Sweers,
"late of the county aforesaid yeoman, on the 4th day of February,
"in the year of our Lord 1778, and long before, and since, was
"a Deputy Commissary General of military stores, in the armies
of the United States of America, and entrusted and employed by
"Colonel Benjamin Flowers, the Commissary General of military
stores in the armies aforesaid, and by the honorable continental
"Congress, to make purchases of military stores, and of divers
other articles, necessary and fitting in the preparation of military
stores, for the use of the armies aforesaid, and to make payments,
and take receipts, bills of parcels, and other vouchers therefor.
"And the Jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths and affirmations aforesaid, do say, and further present, that the said Cornelius Sweers,

1779.

" on the fame 4th day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the city of Philadelphia, in the county aforesaid, having in his custody and possession a certain bill of parcels or account, with a certificate and receipt, all in writing, for a parcel or quantity of slannel cloth, by him purchased of one Margaret Duncan, for the use of the Laboratory of the same armies, and which said writing was in the words, figures, cyphers and letters following; that is to say:

"United States of America

"To Margaret Duncan Dr.
"1778, Feb. 4th To 57 & a qr, yard Flannel 32/6d £ 83 5 7
"To 9 yds Do. 35 15 15 0
"To 107 & 3 qr. yds Do. 52/6 282 16 10

381 17 5
"I do certify that the above was purchased and de"livered to me for the use of the Laboratory at Carlisse.

Isaac Coran, Captain of the Artillery.

" and on the back fide of which faid writing is indorfed and written " the words following; that is to fay: Received the within con-" tents in full Margaret Duncan: He the faid Cornelius Sweers af-" terwards, to wit, on the same day and year aforesaid, at Philadel-" phia aforesaid, in the county aforesaid, with force and arms, the " faid bill of parcels or writing, falfely, fraudulently, and deceit-" fully, did alter, and cause to be altered, by falsely making, forg-" ing and dding the figure 4 to and before the figure 9, in the fecond item of the faid bill of parcels or writing, which figures and " letters did, before such last mentioned forgery, import and signify " nine yards, but by reason and means of such last mentioned for-" gery and addition, did become, import, and fignify forty nine " yards; and also by forging and altering the figure 1, in the sum of " the faid second item in the bill of parcels or writing aforesaid, to " the figure 8; which figures did, before fuch last mentioned alte-" ration and forgery, import and fignify fifteen pounds, and fifteen " shillings, but, by reason and means or such last mentioned altera-"tion and forgery, did become, import and fignify eighty five " pounds and fifteen shillings; and also by falsely forging and alter-" ing the figure 3 to the figure 4, and the figure 8 to the figure 5, in " the fum total or amount of the faid bill of parcels or writing; which figures did, before such last mentioned forgery and altera-" tion, import and fignify three hundred and eighty one pounds, " leventeen shillings and five pence, but, by reason and means of "fuch last mentioned forgery and alteration, did become, import " and fignify four hundred and fifty one pounds, feventeen shillings " and five pence, with intention to defraud the United States of Ame-" rica aforesaid, of seventy pounds, of lawful money of Pennsylva-" nia, to the evil example of all others, in like case offending, to " the great dumage of the faid United States, and against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania." The

The fecond indictment was for forging a receipt, purporting to be a receipt from one Adam Foulke, with intent to defraud the United States. It was expressed in the following words:

1779-

" Philadelphia County ff.

"The Jurors for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, upon " their oaths and affirmations, do present, that Cornelius Sweers, " late of the county aforesaid, yeoman, on the first day of July, in " the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy " feven, and long before, and fince, was a clerk to the department " of the Commissary General of military stores, in the armies of " the United States of America, and entrusted and employed by Colo-" nel Benjamin Flowers, the Commissary General of military stores " in the armies aforefaid, and by the honorable continental Con-" gress, to make payments, and take receipts, bills of parcels, and " other vouchers, for military stores, and for divers articles, neces-" fary and fitting in the preparation of military stores, purchased " for the use of the armies aforesaid, and to keep the accounts "thereof: And the Jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths and affirma-"tions aforesaid, do further present, that the same Cornelius Sweers, on the same day and year aforesaid, at the city of Philadelphia, in "the county aforefaid, contriving and intending, falfely and frau-" dulently, to deceive and defraud the United States aforefaid, "with force and arms, falfely, wickedly and unlawfully, did " make, forge and counterfeit, and cause to be made, forged and " counterfeited, a certain writing, purporting to be a receipt for " one thousand and twenty pounds and fifteen shillings, and pur-" porting to be figned in the name of one Adam Foulk, in the words " and figures following to wit, " 3 Rec'd, rst July 1777 of Col. B. " Flower, C. G. M. S. one thousand and twenty pounds 15 s. for "820 bayonet belts, and 920 cartouch boxes, for the use of the ar-" my.

£. 1020—15

Adam Foulk.

"to the evil example of all others in like case offending, to the great damage of the United States, and against the peace and dig"nity of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. And the Jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths and affirmations aforesaid, do further present, that the said Cornelius Sweers, contriving and intending the said United States, saliely and fraudulently, to deceive and defraud, then and there, with force and arms, the said writing, so as aforesaid falsely made and counterfeited, purporting to be a receipt for the sum of one thousand and twenty pounds and fifteen shillings, and purporting to be signed in the name of the said Adam Foulk, wickedly, unlawfully and fraudulently, did publish, and cause to be published, as and for a true writing and receipt of the said Adam Foulke; which said talsely forged and counterseited "writing

1779.

"writing, is in the words and figures following to wit " 3 Rec'd "It July 1777 of Col. B. Fixwer, C. G. M. S. one thousand and twenty pounds 15f. for 820 bayonet bolts and 920 cartouch boxes for the use of the 2rmy.

£ 1020—15

Adam Foulk.

"(he the said Cornelius Sweers, at the time of publishing the said "sale and counterfeit writing there by him in form aforesaid, well knowing the said writing to have been salely forged and counterfeited as aforesaid,) to the cuil example of all others in like case offending, to the great damage of the said United States, and against the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth of Pennsylva-

The prisoner being brought before the Court to receive sentence, M'KEAN, Chief Justice, addressed him to the following effect:

Cornelius Sweers:—After a fair and full trial, you have been convicted of the crime of Forgery, upon two indictments, by a Special Jury of your country. The offence stated in the first indictment, is that of altering a receipt given by Margaret Duncan; and the charge contained in the second indictment, is that of forging a receipt, purporting to be the receipt of Adam Foulke. Your council have taken leveral executions to the form and substance of these indictments,

upon a motion in arrest of judgment.

The first exception was, "that, at the time of the offence charg"ed, the United States were not a body corporate known in law."
But the Court are of a different opinion. From the moment of
their affociation, the United States necessarily became a body corporate; for, there was no superior from whom that character could
otherwise be derived. In England, the king, lords, and commons,
are certainly a body corporate; and yet there never was any charter
or statute, by which they were expressly so created. An indictment,
however, may be sufficiently maintained upon "an intent to de"ceive my liege subjects;" and to that purpose there is a positive
authority, not referred to by the council, where a person was indicted, for having in his custody a piece of base metal, in the similitude
of a six-pence, knowing it to be base, with intent to defraud the
liege subjects &c.

The fecond exception was, "that the charges in the indictments, "were not direct and positive, but only argumentative." On this point we cannot hesitate to declare, that the charges appear to us to

be as direct and positive, as it was possible to express them.

The third exception was, "that the indictments do not charge "that any person was actually defrauded." But in the King versus Webb 2 Ld. Ray. 1461, all the Judges declared, that if the cheat be prejudicial, that is, of such a nature as may prejudice, an indict-

ment would well lie. In the case of forgery, properly so called, which includes only records, deeds, wills, or public instruments, it may, perhaps, be necessary that some person should be actually prejudiced. This rule, however, does not extend to cheats of the present description.; in which it is sufficient, that the act be of a prejudicial nature.

Upon the whole, we are of opinion, that your conviction has been legal, as well as just; and, therefore, it only remains to pronounce

the fentence of the Court.

Sentence, on the first indictment:—A fine of £.70. and impriforment until the 4th of July, the anniversary of American Independence.

Sentence, on the second indictment:—A fine of f. 1020. Imprifonment until the next annual election for Pennsylvania, and standing in the pillory for one hour.

The

±779∙